Your Weekly Schedule

Your coordinator will arrange for your first clinic visit and lab draws before you leave the hospital. You need someone to drive you every time until your doctor says you can drive.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	Labs	Clinic		Labs		
	8am to	Visit		8am to		
	9am			9am		

Labs		
When?	 Every Monday and Thursday morning between 8am and 9am Get your blood drawn 12 hours after your night time dose of Tacrolimus Take your Tacrolimus after your lab draw 	
Where?	Talk to your coordinator about choosing a lab that works for you	
When can I come less often?	Probably after 6 weeks	
Clinic Visits		
When?	Every Tuesday morning for the first month after your transplant	
Where?	 At the Cypress Building 2221 Stockton Blvd (near Parking Structure) 	
When can I come less often?	Probably after 4 weeks	

Check these things every day and write them in your diary. Bring your diary to clinic every week.

What to Check	How Often?	When should you call your Transplant Coordinator?
Weight	Every morning	If you gain more than 2 pounds in a day (for 2 days in a row) OR if you gain more than 4 pounds in a week
Temperature	Every morning and night for 4 weeks	If 100.5°F or higher (2 times one hour apart)
Bring your cuff to your first clinic visit	Every morning and night for 6 weeks, then every morning after that	If the systolic blood pressure (top number) is over 180 or less than 95
Blood Sugar (if your doctor says you need to)	4 times a day Before each meal and at bedtime	If your blood sugar is staying over 300 or dropping to less than 80

At Home

Your Incision	You may shower when you go home
(cut)	No baths or swimming until the incision is healed
	Call your coordinator if your incision is red and hot, leaks fluid, or opens up
Urine	Go to the bathroom every 2-3 hours to empty your bladder
	Call your coordinator if you have more blood in your urine than you had in the hospital
Activity	Walk at least 10 minutes 3 times a day
	 Do not lift more than 10 pounds for the first 6 weeks
	Do not drive until your doctor says it is okay
New Medicines	Check with your transplant coordinator or kidney doctor before you take any new medicine
	 This includes medicines from your other doctors, over- the-counter-medicines, and herbal medicines
Food	No grapefruit or pomelo
	Limit high potassium foods
Skin Care	Your risk for skin cancer is much higher than normal
	Wear 45+ sunscreen when you leave the house
	Be sure to put sunscreen on your head and hands
	 Reapply according to the label
	Wear long sleeves and a hat with a wide brim
Medic Alert	You need a MedicAlert tag
Tag	Get the info from your nurse or from <u>medicalert.org</u>
	Wear it so that every medical person who cares for you will know that you had a transplant

Call your Transplant Coordinator For These Problems

Medicines	If you have trouble getting your medicines
	If you lose your insurance (or think you might)
	 Call your Transplant Financial Coordinator
	 Call your Transplant Coordinator
	 Call every day and never stop taking your medicine!
Signs of	Rising creatinine (waste product in blood)
Rejection	 we will know this from your lab tests
	Fast weight gain
	o more than 2 pounds in a day (2 days in a row)
	o more than 4 pounds in 1 week
	Making less urine while drinking same amount
	New soreness over the new kidney
	Feeling sick
	o like you have the flu
Signs of	Fever 100.5° F or higher
Infection	o 2 times at least 1 hour apart
	• Chills
	Trouble breathing
	Coughing up yellow or green sputum.
	Pain or burning when you urinate (pee)
	Sore throat
	Diarrhea (loose stools)
	 Call if you have more than 4 loose stools in 24 hours
	Vomiting and being unable to eat or drink
	 Call if you throw up more than 2 times in 24 hours

Stay	Wash your hands often
Healthy	Stay away from sick people
	 Wear a mask when you go to clinic, lab, Emergency Rooms, and on airplanes
Flu Shots	You and the people who live in your house should get a flu shot every year
	 All of you should avoid the flu vaccine that goes in your nose (FluMist)
Other Shots	Never get a live virus vaccine (injection only)
	Never get a shingles vaccine
	 Ask your transplant doctor before you get any vaccines besides the flu shot
Dirt and	Dirt can contain molds that cause lung infections
Mold	 Avoid digging in the dirt for the first 6 months after your transplant
	 After that, you should wear gloves and a mask when you dig in the dirt
	 Always wash your hands after you touch dirt
	Avoid breathing in dirt or mold
	 Wear a mask if you are in dusty air or are digging in the dirt
	 If there is mold in your house, someone else should clean it up
	 Wear a mask if you have to work on heating ducts, water pipes, and other damp areas

Water	 Ok to swim in clean ocean water and chlorinated pools after your wounds are healed
	 Avoid swimming in public hot tubs, lakes, rivers, and ponds
	Keep home hot tubs clean
	 See <u>www.healthyswimming.org</u>
Animals	Keep your pets healthy; stay away from them if they are sick
	 Wash your hands after you touch your pet
	 Do not touch your pet's poop or clean the cat's litter box
	Cats and dogs are ok
	Do not get a pet bird or reptile
	 Talk to your transplant team if you already have a bird or reptile
Mosquitos	 Avoid mosquito bites because they can cause West Nile Virus infection (see www.cdc.gov.westnile)
	 Wear mosquito repellent and long sleeves in areas where you might be exposed to mosquitos
	 Mosquitos are out the most at dawn and dusk
	 Get rid of standing water in your yard
Family	Mycophenolate and Valcyte can cause birth defects
Planning	 Women must have an effective birth control plan before they leave the hospital
	 Men should not father a baby until they have been off of Valcyte for 3 months
	Talk to your transplant doctor if you are interested in having a baby in the future
	Women must wait at least one year before planning a pregnancy. You must talk to your transplant doctor before planning a pregnancy.